

Дата: 03.02.2022

Група №31

Урок : 41-42

Тема уроку: «Council of Europe. Elections in Ukraine.»

### 1) Matching.

Match the words:

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. to adopt    | a) виконавчий   |
| 2. to declare  | b) законодавчий |
| 3. to elect    | c) громадянин   |
| 4. judicial    | d) приймати     |
| 5. legislative | e) вибирати     |
| 6. citizen     | f) декларувати  |
| 7. executive   | g) герб         |
| 8. court       | h) юридичний    |
| 9. anthem      | i) суд          |
| 10. emblem     | j) гімн         |



### 2. Pre-reading activity

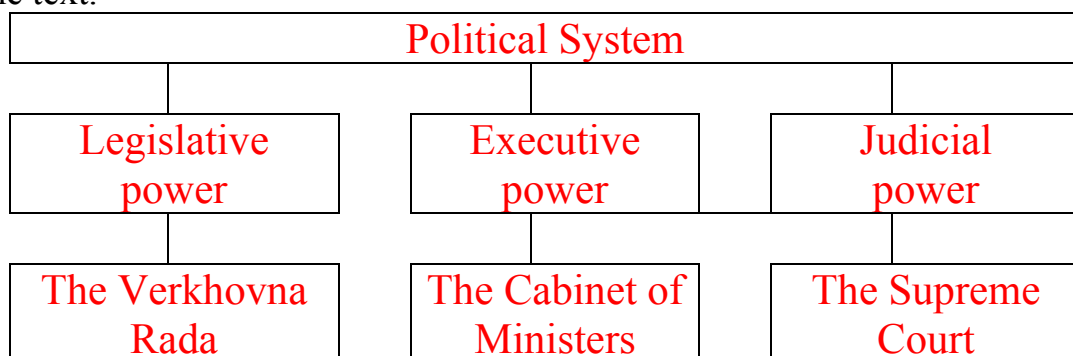
We have learnt a lot of information about our Motherland - Ukraine. But what do you know about its state system? And now your task is to answer 10 questions:

1. What kind of state is Ukraine?
2. Do you know the date of declaration of Ukraine as a republic?

3. What symbols of Ukraine do you know?
4. Who is the Head of the state?
5. When do we Celebrate the Constitution Day?
6. Who was the first president of Ukraine?
7. When was a new president elected?
8. Who has the right to vote in the elections?
9. How many regions is Ukraine divided into?
10. What is the Fundamental Law of our country?

### 2.3. Reading.

It's important to be aware of the political system of your home country. Let's read the text.



## **The Political System of Ukraine**

1. On the 24<sup>th</sup> of August, 1991, Ukraine proclaimed its independence. Nowadays Ukraine is a free independent state. By the form of government it combines the elements of presidential and parliamentary republic.
2. A new Constitution adopted on the 28th of June 1996 declared Ukraine a republic. It includes the Autonomous Republic of Crimea and 24 administrative regions.
3. The Constitution outlines the structure of the national government and specifies its powers and duties. Under the Constitution the powers of the government are divided into three branches
4. The legislative power consists of the Verkhovna Rada, the executive power is headed by the President, and the judicial power is led by the Supreme Court.
5. The parliament - the Verkhovna Rada is the only body of the legislative power in Ukraine. There are 450 peoples deputies who are elected for a term of four years on the basis of universal, equal suffrage by the secret ballot.
6. The Verkhovna Rada's main function is making laws. The Verkhovna Rada adopts the State Budget for the period from January 1 to December 31 and controls the execution of it. The monetary unit of Ukraine is the Hryvnia.
7. The President of Ukraine is the head of the state and speaks on behalf of it. He is elected directly by the voters for a term of five years.
8. The highest body of the executive power is the Cabinet of Ministers. It is responsible to the President and is accountable to the Verkhovna Rada.
9. It carries out domestic and foreign policy of the State, the fulfilment of the Constitution, as well as the acts of the President, develops and fulfils national programs on the economic, scientific and technological, social and cultural development of Ukraine.
10. Justice in Ukraine is exercised entirely by courts. It is administered by the Constitution Court and by courts of general jurisdiction. The Supreme Court of Ukraine is the highest juridical body of general jurisdiction.

### **Home task**

Project in small groups "What is your idea of a perfect state?"

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