

Дата: 17.10.2022

Група №22

Урок: 11-12

Тема уроку: „Education in Great Britain. Foreign languages in our life.”

Мета уроку: активізувати лексичні одиниці з теми, навчити вживати лексику у письмовому та усному мовленні, розширювати знання студентів щодо системи освіти Великобританії, практикувати студентів у роботі із комп'ютерними програмами, акцентуючи увагу на значенні володіння англійською мовою, систематизувати набуті знання з теми, розширити словниковий запас з теми.

Матеріали уроку:

Щоб зрозуміти систему освіти Великобританії, перегляньте наступне відео та схеми:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Md8yxDaV1lQ>

The English Educational System

AGE OF PUPILS	TYPE OF SCHOOL
3 - 5 years	NURSERY
5 - 11 years	PRIMARY
5 – 7 years	Infant
7 – 11 years	Junior
11 – 16 years	SECONDARY
From 16	Higher



School uniform.

Most schools in England require children to wear a school uniform.

Boys should wear

- Long grey or black trousers (shorts may be worn in summer)
- White shirt
- School tie (optional in most primary schools)
- Jumper or sweater with the school logo on. The colour is the choice of the schools.
- Black shoes

Girls have to wear

- As above.
- Girls may wear skirts
- During the summer term girls often wear summer school dresses.

Виконайте письмово в зошиті:

1. *Pros and cons of wearing school uniform. (переваги і недоліки носіння форми)*

Discuss the problem and make a list of advantages and disadvantages. Then speak up and share your ideas and compare them with your classmates.

Which of the arguments below are **for (за)**, and which are against **(проти)** wearing school uniforms? Write F or A.

- a) School uniforms are expensive. _____
- b) If everybody wears uniforms, it's cheaper – students can't show off their trendy clothes. _____
- c) Uniforms are less comfortable than students' own clothes. _____
- d) Wearing compulsory uniform limits students' freedom. _____
- e) There's more equality if everybody wears the same clothes. _____

Add more arguments for and against wearing school uniform.

For	Against

Домашнє завдання:

Read the text about education in Britain. Complete the gaps with the best form of the word in brackets. There may be some words that you don't have to change.
Прочитайте текст та заповніть пропуски.

(In Britain, 1_____ (educate) is compulsory between the ages of 5 and 16. At the age of five, children start primary school. Then, at the age of eleven, they begin their secondary education. Most 2_____ (child) go to state schools and only 7% 3_____ (attend) fee-paying private schools. A school year is divided into three terms. 4_____ (near) all schools work a five-day week and they are 5_____ (close) on Saturday. The day starts at nine and finishes between three and four. There is a lunch break which usually 6_____ (last) about an hour and a quarter. A 7_____ (type) timetable includes English, Science, Maths, History, Geography, Art, Music, Physical education and foreign 8_____ (language). A lot of schools offer a range of after-school 9_____ (active) such as choir, drama and trips to 10_____ (interest) places. Young people are expected to show respect for their teachers and obey school rules.

The main exams are GCSE (school-leaving exams at 16), and A-levels (university entrance exams at 18). University students 11_____ (graduate) after completing their first degree, usually in three years. Many students then continue 12_____ (they) studies for a Master's Degree, or a PhD.

Конспекти надсилати:

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